

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Chemical product identification and manufacturer and/or supplier information

1.1 Product Name: Разбавитель для акриловых ЛКМ медленный (Acryl thinner slow)

Manufacturer / Supplier: ECOPOL LLC

Suvorov str. 35, Dzerzhinsk, 606010, Nizhny Novgorod Region, Russia Telephone number: +7 (8313) 230351; 230839; 230781; 230746

Phone/Fax: +7 (8313) 254103; 274016

· 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

The product is intended for industrial or professional use only.

1.3 Emergency Phone No.:

In case of emergency contact with the National Emergency Center.

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008:

H226:	Flammable liquid and vapour	Flammable liquid. Hazard Category 3
H315:	Causes skin irritation	Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2
H304:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	Aspiration hazard, Hazard Category 1
H332:	Harmful if inhaled	Acute toxicity. Hazard Category 4
H335:	May cause respiratory irritation	Specific toxicity for specific organ. Hazard Category 3
H336:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Specific toxicity for specific organ. Hazard Category 3
H411:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard,
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Category 2

· 2.2 Label elements

· Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008:

This product is classified and labeled according to the Regulations for Substance and Mixture Classification, Labeling, and Packaging (CLP).

· Safety icons:







GHS02 GHS07 GHS08 GHS09

- · Signal word: Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labeling:

xylene, butyl acetate.

hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

· Hazard warnings:

H226:	Flammable liquid and vapour;
H315:	Causes skin irritation;
H304:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways;
H332:	Harmful if inhaled;
H335:	May cause respiratory irritation;
H336:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness;
H411:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· Precautions

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P210:	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking;
P261:	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray;
P271:	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area;
P280:	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection;
P301+P310+P331:	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting;
P273:	Avoid release to the environment;
P102:	Keep out of reach of children.

· 2.3 Other hazards:

No information.

3. Composition (information on ingredients)

\cdot 3.2 Chemical characterization: Mixtures



- · Description: Mixture of below-listed substances with non-hazardous additives.
- · Hazardous substances contained:

Chemical Name	H-Phrases	Icons and Signal Word (Codes)
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	⊕GHS02
Concentration, % (by weight) 35-80	Asp. Tox. 1 H304	V GП302 №
CAS No. 64742-95-6	STOT SE 3 H335	 GHS07
EINECS NO. 918-668-5	STOT SE 3 H336	♦ GHS08
Index Number 649-356-00-4	Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	♥ G⊓300
REACH No. 01-2119455851-35- XXXX		⇔GHS09
		Dgr
1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	⊕GHS02
(methoxy propyl acetate)		
Concentration, % (by weight) 15-45		Wng
CAS No. 108-65-6		
EINECS No. 203-603-9		
Index Number 607-195-00-7		
REACH No. 01-2119475791-29-XXX		
Dimethylbenzene (xylene) (isomer mixture)	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	GHS02
Concentration, % (by weight) 0-10	Acute Tox. 4 * H312	V GHS02
CAS No. 1330-20-7	Skin Irrit. 2 H315	♦ GHS07
EINECS No. 215-535-7	Acute Tox. 4 * H332	Wng
Index Number 601-022-00-9		
REACH No. 01-2119488216-32-XXX		
N-Butyl acetate (butyl acetate)	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	⊕GHS02
Concentration, % (by weight) 0-10	STOT SÉ 3 H336	
CAS No. 123-86-4		 GHS07
EINECS No. 204-658-1		Wng
Index Number 607-025-00-1		
REACH No. 01-2119485493-29-XXX		

4. First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of the first aid measures
- · General guides:

Remove the pieces of clothing contaminated with this product immediately.

Toxicity symptoms may appear after many hours, therefore medical supervision is necessary for at least 48 hours after accident (casualty).

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air or oxygen, seek medical care.

In loss of consciousness (syncopal state), put a patient on the side in stable position for transportation.

· After skin contact:

Wash with water and soap immediately, rinse well.

Get medical attention.

· After eye contact:

Wash an open eye with running water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if any, continue eye washing, and get medical advice.

· In case of ingestion:

Rinse mouth and drink a plenty of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical advice.

• 4.2 The most critical symptoms and effects, both immediate and subsequent:

There is no any respective information.

· 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment:

symptomatic treatment.

5. Fire-fighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing facilities
- · Suitable extinguishing media:

CO₂, extinguishing powder or fine-sprayed (-sprinkled) water jet.

Large fire extinguishing with fine-sprayed (-sprinkled) water jet or alcohol foam.

· Extinguishing media unsuitable for safety reasons:

Full-jet water.

· 5.2 Special hazards from substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO₂).

- · 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Put on a self-contained respiratory protection unit.
- $\cdot \ \text{Further information:} \\$

Cool exposed tanks with fine-sprinkled water jet.

Fire residues and contaminated water must be disposed of according to the instructions of administrative services.

6. Accidental release measures



· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:

Put on protective equipment. Keep unprotected people away.

Provide for sufficient ventilation.

Keep away from ignition sources.

Use a unit for respiratory protection against vapor / dust / aerosol.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

· 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Do not allow entering sewers/ surface or ground water/ ditches and basements.

If entered water basins or sewers, communicate it to the respective services.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Provide for sufficient ventilation.

Collect using liquid-binding material (sand, kizelgur, acid restringent, multi-purpose restringents, and sawdust).

Send it for recovery or disposal in suitable tanks.

Dispose of collected material according to the instructions.

· 6.4 Reference to other sections:

For safe handling information, see Chapter 7.

For personal protective equipment information, see Chapter 8.

For disposal information, see Chapter 13.

7. Chemical product storage and handling regulations

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Ensure good air ventilation, especially at the floor level (vapors are heavier that air)

Amount of stock at the workplace should be limited.

Use exclusively in well-ventilated areas.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Do not breathe smoke / aerosol.

Make sure that the entire area used of a production premise is examined.

· Fire and explosion protection guides:

Vapors with air may form explosive mixtures.

In empty container, air-gas mixtures able to ignite may form.

Keep away from the sources of ignition/heating/ sparks/open fire. Do not smoke.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Use explosion-proof instruments / fittings and sparkless tools.

- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities
- Storage:
- · The requirements imposed on warehouse premises and containers:

Store in a cool location.

Adhere to the flammable liquid storage regulations.

Adhere to the water-blocking regulations.

Guides on compatibility with other substances in storage:

Adhere to the flammable liquid storage regulations.

Further data for storage conditions:

Store the tank in well-ventilated area.

Store in tightly closed container at cool and dry area.

Protect against heating and direct sunlight.

8. Substance impact limitation and control / personal protective equipment

· 8 1 Control parameters

The components with limit values requiring in-place monitoring:

CAS No. 108-65-6: 1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate

MPC (RF) maximal one-time: 10 mg/m³

MPC (Maximum Permissible Concentration, USA): 50 ppm; 275 mg/m³;

CAS No. 1330-20-7 xylene (isomer mixture) MPC (RF) maximal one-time: 150 mg/m³

Shift-average: 50 mg/m³

CAS No. 123-86-4 n-butyl acetate MPC (RF) maximal one-time: 200 mg/m3 Shift-average: 50 mg/m³

DNEL values

CAS No. 64742-95-6: hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

Application: employee (inhalation)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic effects: 150 mg/m³

Application: employee (dermatitis)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic effects: 25 mg/kg of body weight / day

Application: employee (dermatitis)

Potential health effect: Short exposure - systemic and local effects: no information



CAS No. 108-65-6: 1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate

Application: employees (inhalation)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic effects: 275 mg/m³

Long exposure - local effects: No hazard identified

Potential health effect: Short exposure - local effects: 550 mg/m³

Short exposure - systemic effects: No hazard identified

Application: employees (dermatitis)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic effects: 796 mg/kg of body weight/day

Long exposure - local effects: No hazard identified

Potential health effect: Short exposure - systemic and local effects: No hazard identified

CAS No. 1330-20-7: xylene (isomer mixture)

Application: employee (inhalation)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic and local effects: 221 mg/m³

Application: employee (inhalation)

Potential health effect: Short exposure - systemic and local effects: 442 mg/m³

Application: employee (dermatitis)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic effects: 212 mg/kg of body weight/day

Long exposure - local effects: No hazard identified

Application: employee (dermatitis)

Potential health effect: Short exposure - local effects: Low hazard (no threshold derived)

CAS No. 123-86-4:n-butyl acetate Application: employee (inhalation)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic effects: 48 mg/m³

Application: employee (inhalation)

Potential health effect: Short exposure - systemic and local effects: 600 mg/m³

Application: employee (dermatitis)

Potential health effect: Long exposure - systemic effects: 7 mg / kg of body weight / day

Application: employee (dermatitis)

Potential health effect: Short exposure: No hazard identified

PNEC values

CAS No. 108-65-6: 1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate

freshwater: 0.635 mg/l marine water: 0.0635 mg/l soil 0.29 mg/kg of soil dry weight

CAS No. 1330-20-7: xylene (isomer mixture)

freshwater: 0.327 mg/l marine water: 0.327 mg/l soil 2.31 mg/kg of soil dry weight CAS No. 123-86-4: n-butyl acetate

freshwater: 0.18 mg/l marine water: 0.018 mg/l

soil 0.0903 mg/kg of soil dry weight

· Further instructions:

The data up-to-date when written was as a basis.

- · 8.2 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection
- · Personal protection equipment:
- · General exposure-protection and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and animal feed.

During work, do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff tobacco.

Remove all the clothes contaminated and impregnated with harmful substances.

Do not breathe gases/vapors/aerosols.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not keep product-impregnated dusters / cleaning rags at the pockets of trousers.

· Respiratory Protection:

If the workplaces are well-ventilated, then no precautions are required.

· Hand protection:

Rubber gloves.

- · Eye protection: Closely fitting goggles
- · Body protection:

Protective work clothing

Body protection must be selected according to activity type and possible exposure.

· Ecological impact limitation and control:

Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

9. Physical and chemical properties

- · 9.1 Information on the basic physical and chemical properties
- · General information

Appearance



Color	Colorless or slightly yellowish
Odor	Natural to organic solvents
pH	Not specified
Boiling point	Not specified
Flash point (closed cup)	Plus 51°C (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic) Plus 45°C (1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate) Plus 24°C (dimethyl benzene) Plus 29°C (butyl acetate)
Self-ignition temperature	> Plus 400°C (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic) Plus 315°C (1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate) Plus 494°C (dimethyl benzene) Plus 370°C (butyl acetate)
Density g/cm ³	0,9
Viscosity (relative, sec)	Not specified
Lower explosion limit, % volume	0.7 (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic) 1.5 (1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate) 1.0 (dimethylbenzene) 2.2 (butyl acetate)
Upper explosion limit, % volume	7.0 (hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic) 7.0 (1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate) 6.0 (dimethylbenzene) 14.7 (butyl acetate)
Vapor Density (Pa/20°C):	Not specified
Non-volatile matter mass fraction content %	Not specified
Solubility in water	Insoluble

· 9.2 Other information: There is no any respective information.

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Chemical stability:

Stable under the recommended product storage and handling conditions.

10.2 Reactivity:

None under the recommended product storage and handling conditions.

10.3 Conditions to avoid:

Direct sunlight, high temperatures, open flame, and sparks.

Contact with strong oxidizers, peroxides, strong acids and bases.

10.4 Hazardous decomposition products:

Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide and other toxic gases.

11. Toxicological data

- \cdot 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity:
- · LD/LC50 values (lethal dose/concentration) necessary for classification:

CAS No. 64742-95-6 hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

Orally (by mouth) LD50 4-8 ml/kg bw (rat)

Dermally (dermal contact) LD50 3160 mg/kg bw (rabbit)

CAS No. 108-65-6: 1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate

Orally (by mouth) LD50 5155-10000 mg/kg (rat)

Dermally (dermal contact) LD50 2000 mg /kg (rat)

CAS No. 1330-20-7 xylene (isomer mixture)

Orally (by mouth) LD50 3523-4000 mg/kg bw (rat)

Dermally (dermal contact) LD50 12126 mg/kg bw (rabbit)

Inhalative (by breathing) LC50/4h 30097-31756 mg/m³ (rat)

CAS No. 123-86-4 n-butyl acetate

Orally (by mouth) LD50 10736-12760 mg/kg bw (rat)

Dermally (dermal contact) LD50 16 ml/kg bw (rabbit)

Inhalative (by breathing) LC50/4h 1087-1109 ppm (rat)

- · Primary irritant effect:
- on skin: Long-time and repeated contacts may degrease skin and induce dermatitis.
- · on eyes: Irritating effect.
- · Toxicity from subacute to chronic: not related.



· Additional toxicological directions:

Based on the calculation method of EC General Classification Directive for Preparations as revised (updated), the product poses the following hazard types:

Harmful to health.

Irritating.

Hazard through skin absorption.

- · Information on the following potential impact groups:
- · Sensitization: Unaware of sensitizing impact.
- · Reintaking toxicity: not defined.
- · Carcinogenic, heredity-changing and infertility-inducing action

As per contemporary knowledge, no CMR effects are known.

12. Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity

CAS No. 64742-95-6 hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

EC50/72h 0.290 - 0.420 mg/l / for algae

EL50/48h 3.2 - 9.586 mg/l / for aquatic invertebrates

LL50/96h 5.491-9.2 mg/l / for fish

CAS No. 108-65-6: 1-methoxypropane-2-ol acetate

EC50/96h 1000 mg/l / for algae

EC50/48h 500 mg/l / for aquatic invertebrates

LC50/96h 100 - 180 mg/l / for fish

CAS No. 1330-20-7 xylene (isomer mixture)

EC50/72 h 4.6-4.9 mg/l / for algae

NOEC/7 days 0.960-1,17 mg/l / for aquatic invertebrates

NOEC/21 days 1.57 mg/l / for aquatic invertebrates

LC50/96h 2.6-8.4 mg/l /for fishes

NOEC/56 days 1.3 mg/l / for fishes

CAS No. 123-86-4 n-butyl acetate

EC50/72h 246 - 674.7 mg/l / for algae

EC50/48h 32-44 mg/l / for aquatic invertebrates

EC50/21 days 43.5 mg/l / for aquatic invertebrates

LC50/96h 18 mg/l / for fish

· 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

There is no any respective information.

- \cdot 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential: There is no any respective information.
- \cdot 12.4 Mobility in soil: There is no any respective information.
- · Additional ecological directions:
- · General guides:

The product contains volatile organic components. Prevent the product from getting into earth, water, water basin, sewers, and biological treatment plants.

· 12.5 PBT (persistent bioaccumulative toxin) and vPvB

(very persistent and very accumulative) evaluation results:

- · PBT: No information.
- · vPvB: No information.
- \cdot 12.6 Other harmful effects: There is no any respective information.

13. Disposal instructions

- · 13.1 Waste processing techniques
- · Recommendation:

Elimination (removal) according to the instructions of administrative services.

· European waste list:

Waste classification No. is assigned according to place of origin and recycling method.

- · Contaminated tare:
- · Recommendation:

Do not collect with household waste. Give a contaminated container to the subjects that have received waste collection, recycling, and neutralization permission from competent body.

14. Transport data

		ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1	UN Number	1263	1263	1263
14.2	UN Shipping Name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL		
14.3	Transport Classification	3	3	3
14.4	Packing Group	III	III	III
14.5	Environmental threat:		YES	
	· Marine pollutant:			
14.6	Special precautions for users:	_		



Do not carry together with Category 1; Category 4.2; Category 4.3; and Category 5 materials. Do not use open flame, do not smoke

15. Prescriptions

- \cdot 15.1 Safety standards, workplace safety rules and ecological regulations or standards, applicable for substance or mixture
- · National prescriptions:
- · Information on use limitation:

Teenager employment limitations must be considered.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16. Miscellaneous

The data is based on the up-to-date knowledge but it is not a guaranty of any specific properties of the product and establishes no legally effective contractual relations.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
RID:	Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA:	International Air Transport Association
GHS:	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS:	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
REACH:	Registration Evaluation and Authorisation of Chemicals
DNEL:	Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)
PNEC:	Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)
NOEC:	No Observed Effect Concentration
LC50:	Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50:	Lethal dose, 50 percent
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Hazard Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration Hazard Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity, Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – chronic Category 2
Acute Tox. 4 *	Acute toxicity, Hazard Category 4
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Hazard Category 2
GHS02	Hazard icon: flame
GHS07	Hazard icon: exclamation point
GHS08	Health hazard
GHS09	Environment
Wng	Warning
Dgr	Danger
H226:	Flammable liquid and vapour
H304:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H312:	Harmful in contact with skin
H315:	Causes skin irritation
H332:	Harmful if inhaled
H335:	May cause respiratory irritation
H336:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H411:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects